THE HURRICANE-TORNADO

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ABSTRACT

Climatological data in recent years have become sufficient for the further study of tornadoes which occur in hurricane systems. Several characteristics of the hurricane tornado are determined from data for an 8-yr. period by plotting the center positions of each hurricane and its associated tornadoes. The data show: (1) a comparison between hurricane and non-hurricane tornadoes; (2) a "Significant Sector" for tornado-genesis; (3) a "Preferred Quadrant" of the hurricane for tornado-genesis; (4) the most favorable time of day for tornado occurrence; (5) tornado frequencies with respect to various speeds and distances of the hurricane on and off shore; (6) a tenative hurricane model.

1. INTRODUCTION

Although considerable research has been done on the forecasting problems presented by both tornadoes and hurricanes, relatively little investigation has been made into the forecasting problems of tornadoes associated with hurricanes. In this study of the hurricane-tornado problem, a climatological analysis has been made by plotting the center position of each hurricane and its associated tornadoes.

Recognition of hurricane tornadoes prior to 1955 was apparently limited—unless there has been a sudden rash of hurricane-tornadoes in recent years, for since 1955, the number of tornadoes reported with hurricanes has more than tripled. It is likely that the reporting system has improved rather than that there has been an actual increase in the number of hurricane-tornadoes. Data previous to 1955 were therefore considered insufficiently complete to be included in the study.

The data sources used were the U.S. Weather Bureau records [5, 6, 7]. The criteria for inclusion in this study were: (1) the tornado occurred within the cyclonic circulation of the hurricane; (2) some type of verification was possible.

In early studies, only brief statements were made with the limited data sample that was available. In one of the earliest studies, Mitchell [1] stated that the right-rear quarter of the hurricane produced the most tornadoes. As the data sample increased, Dunn [2] concluded that sufficient information was not available to designate which quadrant of the hurricane produced the most tornadoes. Malkin and Galway [3] stated that tornadoes had been observed only in the forward semicircle of the hurricane.

As the data sample increased (tripled), more definite patterns developed and the previous remarks can now be adjusted. It will be shown that an area of greatest concentration of tornadoes within a hurricane can be delineated. This area will be called the "Significant Sector." It will also be shown that one quadrant of the hurricane has more tornadoes than the others and this will be called

the "Preferred Quadrant." Other significant patterns are established from the relationship of the tornado to the hurricane.

2. GENERAL CLIMATOLOGY

Of 15 hurricanes that entered the United States from the Gulf of Mexico and through the Atlantic Coastal States, 11 produced tornadoes. A total of 98 tornadoes was produced during the period from hurricane Connie in August 1955, to hurricane Carla in September 1961. Of the hurricanes producing tornadoes, the average number of tornadoes per hurricane is 9, although hurricanes Audrey and Carla spawned more than 20 tornadoes each.

Hurricane paths from the time of occurrence of the first known to the last known tornado produced by the hurricane are plotted in figure 1. The geographical location of these tornadoes is shown in figure 2. These figures show that hurricanes moved inland with greater frequency through the Gulf Coast States than through the Atlantic Coast States and that tornadoes occurred in greater number in the Gulf Coast States than in the Atlantic Coast States. Of the tornadoes produced by these hurricanes, the greater number was produced by the Gulf Coast hurricanes (see Appendix).

By States, Alabama ranks first with 20 hurricane-tornadoes. Texas and Louisiana are second with 14 each. The northern and western limits of the hurricane-tornadoes are Vermont and Oklahoma. The southern and eastern limits are unknown, but they have been reported in Cuba and the Bahamas [2].

Table 1 shows that tornadoes occurred in all the months of the hurricane season in 1955–1961, and that the seasonal

Table 1.—Monthly distribution of hurricanes and tornadoes during the hurricane season, 1955-1961

	June	July	August	September	October
Hurricanes Tornadoes	1 23	2 16	2 8	5 50	1

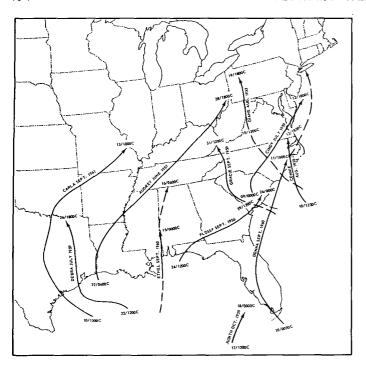


FIGURE 1.—Approximate paths of hurricanes during the occurrence of associated tornadoes, 1955-1962. Date-time groups are to the nearest 6-hr. synoptic map time.

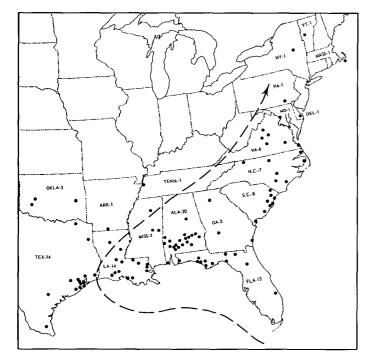


Figure 2.—Known hurricane tornadoes from 1955 to 1962.

Dashed line is path of the tornado-producing hurricane model.

maximum occurred during the month of September. Five hurricanes spawned 50 tornadoes during this month. The seasonal minimum occurred in the month of October with one hurricane producing only one tornado.

3. TORNADO COMPARISONS

In comparing hurricane and non-hurricane tornadoes, it is noted that the non-hurricane tornado is approximately twice as large in path length and width. Because of the conditions within a hurricane, less than half of the tornado reports included details on path length, width, direction of movement or related statistics; however, the statistics that were available are worth noting and comparing although they may change with improved and more numerous data. Based on 35 reports, the hurricane-tornado traveled on the ground an average distance of 7.6 mi. and had an average width of 97 yd. The non-hurricane tornado had an average path length of 16 mi. on the ground [8] and an average width of 250 yd. [9].

The largest reported dimensions of a hurricane-tornado were a length of 35 mi. and a width of 800 yd. These figures are an order of magnitude smaller than the largest for the non-hurricane tornado [8].

The only apparent similarity in the statistics of the two types of tornadoes is their direction of travel. The predominant direction of travel for both types was to the northeast (8-point scale). The second most frequent direction of movement was to the northwest for the hurricane-tornado as compared to an eastward direction for the non-hurricane tornado.

Hailstorms reported within the vicinity of the hurricane tornadoes were rare (7 cases), but it is interesting to note that all 7 cases occurred in the right quadrants of the hurricane. Some of the hurricane centers were over land and some over sea during the occurrence of hail. The size of the hailstones ranged from ¼ in. in diameter to the size of golfballs. Duration of the hailstorms varied from a few minutes to half an hour (see Appendix).

4. CHARACTERISTICS OF THE HURRICANE TORNADO

Spatial distribution of tornadoes associated with hurricanes is shown in figure 3. Distance from tornado occurrence to the hurricane center was measured from the location of the tornado to the hurricane's center position at the synoptic time nearest to the time of the tornado. Quadrants were determined by the direction of the hurricane's motion during the time of tornado occurrence. The hurricane center positions at synoptic observation times were considered to be more accurate and consistent than center positions given by hourly sources.

The most significant information revealed by figure 3 is the high concentration of tornadoes (55 tornadoes—56 percent of the cases) in the area between the radii at 30° and 120° from the path of the hurricane's movement and 100 mi. to 250 mi. from the hurricane center. This area will be referred to as the "Significant Sector" of the hurricane. The Significant Sector contained the largest number of tornadoes whether the hurricane center was over land or sea. Of the tornadoes within this area, 61 percent occurred when the hurricane center was over land.

By quadrants, the maximum number (46 tornadoes-

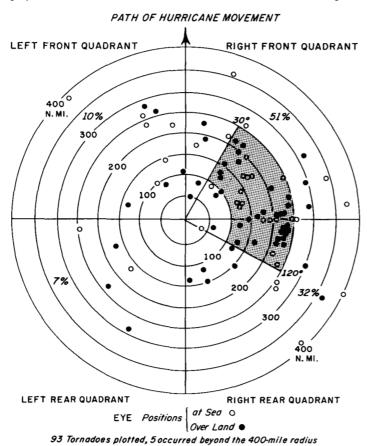


FIGURE 3.—Tornadoes associated with hurricanes (1955–1962) with reference to center and direction of movement of the hurricanes. Hurricane center positions at sea and over land are shown by open and solid circles respectively. Range marks are 50 n. mi. apart. "Significant Sector" (shaded area) contains 56 percent of the tornadoes.

51 percent) occurred in the right-front quadrant. This quadrant is therefore designated at the "Preferred Quadrant." Fifty percent of the tornadoes in the Preferred Quadrant occured during the hurricane's, movement over land. The second greatest number per quadrant (29 tornadoes—32 percent) occurred in the right rear quadrant. Seventy-five percent of the tornadoes in this quadrant occurred when the hurricane center was over land. In all quadrants, 62 percent of the tornadoes occurred with the hurricane center over land.

The most favorable time of day for the development of the hurricane-tornado has varied with the size of the data sample. At one time, Brooks [4] found that 80 percent of all the cases occurred between 1800 and 0300 gmt. In a later study, Malkin and Galway [3], using a larger data sample, found no apparent time period favored over another. The size of the data sample used by Malkin and Galway was approximately 25 cases; however, less than 50 percent gave tornado observation times to the nearest hour. In this study 80 tornadoes (82 percent) occurred between 0900 and 2100 gmt (fig. 4).

To increase further the usability of figure 3, each quad-

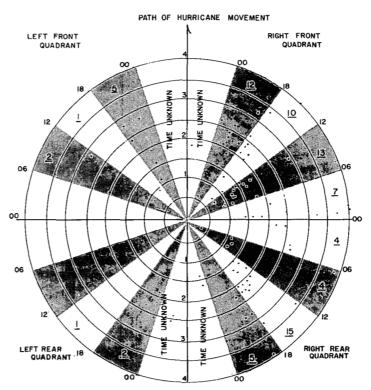


Figure 4.—Each quadrant's tornadoes are plotted into four 6-hr. time periods (alternate shaded areas). Distances of tornadoes are estimated in the unknown-time sectors. Time is gmt.

rant's tornadoes were plotted into four 6-hr. time sectors (fig. 4) to determine the most favorable time period per quadrant. The time sectors marked "unknown" were used when tornado observation times were reported as late afternoon, etc. Distances from tornado to hurricane center were estimated from the tornado location to the nearest 6-hr. position of the hurricane.

Optimum time frequency per quadrant is most clearly defined by the cluster of tornadoes in the right rear quadrant between 1200 and 1800 GMT. The center of the cluster is about 200 mi. from the hurricane center and has a radius of about 50 mi. Fifty-one percent of the tornadoes in the right-rear quadrant occurred in this cluster.

In the right-front quadrant, there are two clusters of occurrences at center distances of 140 mi. and 225 mi. from the hurricane center. The time periods of the clusters are 0900 to 1200 gmt and 1500 to 2100 gmt, respectively. Sixty percent of this quadrant's tornadoes are in these two clusters.

The reliability of these quadrant time frequencies is questionable because of the small data sample of each quadrant; however, because of the high ratio of tornadoes in each cluster to the total number of tornadoes in each quadrant, these time frequencies may be sufficiently reliable for limited use when applied with other probabilities.

The distribution of tornado frequency as a hurricane moves from the sea to inland areas is shown in figure 5.

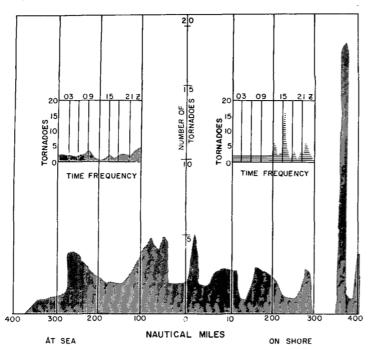


Figure 5.—Tornado frequencies with respect to the distance of the hurricane center from the coast line (point zero). Time frequencies (inset) of tornado occurrences with respect to hurricane center positions at sea and over land.

Distance from the coast line (point zero in the figure) was determined from the actual path and coastal entry point of each hurricane. The first significant increase in number of tornadoes occurred as the hurricane center reached a distance of about 275 mi. from the coast (offshore). A second increase in tornado frequency occurred as the hurricane center reached the vicinity of the coast (75 mi. at sea to 25 mi. on shore) and the peak frequency occurred after the hurricane had traveled some 375 mi. over land.

In plotting the individual hurricane-tornadoes (see Appendix) of these three frequency peaks it was noted that tornado outbreaks (several tornadoes occurring in a 6-hr. time period) occurred more often with the coastal area and 375 mi. inland peaks than when the center was 275 mi. at sea. The only significant time period (inset time graphs) occurred at 1600 gmr during the maximum frequency over land.

The frequency of occurrence of hurricane-tornadoes in relation to varying speeds of the hurricane is shown in figure 6. The figure is divided into periods when the hurricane center was at sea and over land. It clearly shows that the number of tornado occurrences varied directly with the speed of the hurricane's movement over land and inversely with the speed of the hurricane progressed from the sea to inland areas, the maximum frequency of tornadoes (60 percent) occurred when the speed of the hurricane was 0.5° to 1.5° of latitude per 6 hr. (5–15 kt.). The frequency then slowly decreased to the minimum at 2.5° to 3° of latitude per 6 hr. (25–30 kt.) and then

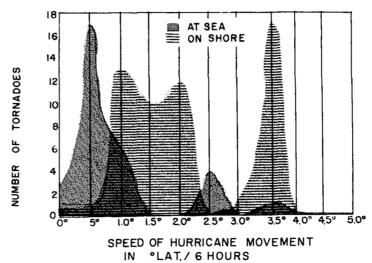


Figure 6.—Tornado frequencies with respect to the speed of the hurricane at sea and over land.

increased again at a speed of 3.5° of latitude per 6 hr. (35 kt.).

During the period when the hurricane center was at sea, a maximum tornado frequency occurred with a hurricane speed of 0.5° of latitude per 6 hr. (5 kt.). A second but much smaller tornado frequency peak occurred with a hurricane speed of 2.5° of latitude per 6 hr. (25 kt.).

As the hurricane center moved inland from the coast line, the first maximum frequency occurred as the hurricane accelerated to a speed of 2° of latitude per 6 hr. (20 kt.). As the hurricane continued to accelerate the frequency diminished rapidly at 2.5° to 3° of latitude per 6 hr. (25–30 kt.) before increasing sharply at the speed of 3.5° of latitude per 6 hr. (35 kt.).

5. TENTATIVE HURRICANE MODEL

By combining the characteristics related to maximum tornado possibilities, we can construct the tentative pattern of a tornado-producing hurricane model. This hurricane model under certain conditions would be capable of producing a maximum number of tornadoes. The primary conditions necessary are a prescribed motion vector for the hurricane, and its entry on shore during the most favorable time period for tornado occurrence.

In direction, the hurricane should follow an approximate path (fig. 2) from 2° longitude west of Key West, Fla., to 2° latitude south of Lake Charles, La., and then recurve northward to enter the coast in the vicinity of Beaumont, Tex. From this point the hurricane should continue to recurve and move north-northeastward to northeastern Louisiana, extreme northwestern Alabama, and to central Pennsylvania.

The speed of the hurricane in the vicinity of Key West, Fla., should be approximately 0.5° of latitude per 6 hr. This same speed should be maintained in the area south of Louisiana until the hurricane has recurved and entered the coast. The hurricane should then accelerate to 1.5°

of latitude per 6 hr. through southern Louisiana, then accelerate to, and continue at, the speed of 3.5° of latitude per 6 hr. from Mississippi northeastward to Pennsylvania.

With this prescribed direction and speed of the hurricane, it can be seen that the maximum tornado possibilities described in the previous section can be attained, with the maximum number of tornadoes occurring from Texas eastward to Alabama.

6. CONCLUSIONS

The more significant of the findings from this sample of data are:

- 1. The average hurricane-tornado was about 50 percent smaller in path length and width than the average non-hurricane tornado.
- 2. The predominant direction of travel of the hurricanetornado was to the northeast.
- 3. A greater number of tornadoes occurred with hurricanes moving inland over the Gulf Coast than over the Atlantic Coast.
- 4. A greater number of tornadoes occurred when hurricane centers were moving over land rather than over
- 5. The right front quadrant, with 51 percent of the tornadoes, was the "Preferred Quadrant."
- 6. A "Significant Sector" of the hurricane can be delineated by the radii at 30° and 120° from the path of the hurricane's movement and between 100 mi. and 250 mi. from the hurricane center.
- 7. The frequency of tornadoes was inversely proportional to the speed of the hurricane at sea and directly proportional to the speed of the hurricane over land.
- 8. The maximum frequency probability (60 percent) of tornadoes occurred when the speed of the hurricane was 0.5° to 1.5° of latitude per 6 hr. (5-15 kt.).
- 9. The maximum frequency of tornadoes in a hurricane moving from the sea to inland areas occurred when the hurricane center was (1) 275 mi. from the coast; (2) 75 mi. at sea to 25 mi. inland; (3) 375 mi. inland from the point of its entry on shore.
- 10. Hurricanes accelerating over land with an easterly component produced more tornadoes than those with a westerly component.
- 11. Hurricanes moving slowly at sea with a westerly component produced more tornadoes than those with an easterly component.

APPENDIX

This Appendix contains a list of known hurricane tornadoes from 1955 through the 1961 hurricane season. Tornadoes are listed under the hurricane from which they were spawned; location, date, and time are given. Comments considered pertinent are made in the remarks section. Tornado path lengths and widths are given in miles and yards, respectively. "Direction" means direction toward which the tornado moved. Time is Central Standard (unk=unknown).

HURRICANE CONNIE

August 10-12, 1955

Place 13 NW Myrtle Beach, S.C. Conway, S.C. Horry Co.	Date/Time 10/1330	Remarks PATH: Short, 200 yd. DIRECTION: W DAMAGE: Leveled svrl bldgs. INJURIES: 4
30 ENE Florence, S.C. 6 NE Dillon, S.C. Dillon Co.	10/1700	PATH: 8 mi., 75 yd. DIRECTION: WSW
21 N Wilmington, S.C. Penderlea, N.C. Pender Co.	10/1730	PATH: 1 mi., 50 yd. DIRECTION: W DAMAGE: 5 barns
27 SSW Myrtle Beach, S.C. Near Georgetown, S.C.	10/unk	
Georgetown, S.C.	10/unk	
35 ENE Salisbury, Md. Bethany Beach, Del. Sussex Co.	12/1500	PATH: 3 mi., 50 yd. DIRECTION: WNW DAMAGE: Timber—bldgs.
	HURRICANE	DIANE
	August 19	, 1955

38 ESE Harrisburg, Pa. Honey Grove, Pa. Lancaster Co.	19/unk	DAMAGE: Farm crops, barns
Nantucket, Mass.	19/unk	Funnel cloud near ground
	HURRICANE	FLOSSY
	September 24-	25, 1956
60 WSW Tallahassee	24/1300	PATH: 20 mi.

60 WSW Tallahassee Wewahitchka, Fla. Gulf Co.	24/1300	PATH: 20 mi. DIRECTION: NNE
35 ESE Tallahassee Eridu, Fla. Taylor Co.	24/early eve	PATH: 5 mi. DIRECTION: NNE DAMAGE: Bldgs. and timbe
30 NNE Cross City, Fla. Srn Ptn of Suwannee Co., Fla.	24/2000	PATH: 3 mi., 50 yd. DIRECTION: NNE DAMAGE: Bldgs.
50 WNW Daytona Beach, Fla. Candler, Fla.	25/early p.m.	PATH: Short, narrow DAMAGE: Home and timber
20 NNE Savannah, Ga.	25/2200	PATH: 1/2 mi., 35 yd.

DIRECTION: NNW Hiltonhead, S.C. DAMAGE: Sheds, barns Beaufort Co.

HURRICANE AUDREY

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June 27–28, 1957				
15 NE New Orleans, La. Michaud, La.	27/1000	DIRECTION: NE Seen on radar.		
30 N Lafayette, La. Arnaudville, La.	27/1030	DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Syrl houses damaged and trees uprooted.		
8 W Dyersburg, Tenn. Tennessee	27/1832	PATH: 100 yd. long DAMAGE: Saw mill and barn de- stroyed. Trees uprooted.		
36 NW Meridian, Miss. 3 W Philadelphia, Miss.	27/2030	PATH: 50 yd. wide DAMAGE: 5 houses destroyed. INJURIES: 9		
80 SE Memphis, Tenn. 4 N Houston, Miss.	27/2210	DIRECTION: N DAMAGE: Considerable		
65 N Meridian, Miss. Brookfield, Miss.	28/0032	PATH: 10 mi., 50 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: 7 houses destroyed. INJURIES: 1 fatality		
55 SSE Meridian, Miss. Clara, Miss.	28/0735	PATH: 10 mi., 50 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Many houses and a school		
77 N Mobile, Ala. Whetly, Ala.	28/0830	PATH: 3 mi., 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: 2 houses and garages, timberland		
36 S Selma, Ala.	28/0850	PATH: 2 mi., 35 to 100 yd.		

Oakhill, Ala.

DAMAGE: Church and timberland

MONTHLY WEATHER REVIEW

3 NW Evergreen, Ala.	28/0927	Stn abandoned. Fish and crayfish fell with precip.	30 NNE Albany, Ga. Vienna, Ga.	10/1622	PATH: Short, narrow DAMAGE: Considerable
20 SW Montgomery, Ala. 3 S Haynesville, Ala.			Dooly Co.	10/- 14	INJURIES: 1 Hail downtown Columbus, Ga.
		DAMAGE: Houses and Darns. When one home destroyed, owner inside said dark mist was present surround- ing home area.	70 SW Roanoke, Va. Btn Potato Creek, Va. Turkey Knob, N.C.	10/aftn	PATH: Unk., 300 yd. DAMAGE: Trees, tobacco crops, barns—hail and wind damage. Also funnel cloud.
20 W Evergreen, Ala.	28/0945	PATH: 20 mi., 150 to 400 yd. DAMAGE: 7 houses	35 NNE Atlanta, Ga. Cumming (35E) Forsyth Co., Ga.	11/1500	PATH: Short, narrow DIRECTION: N DAMAGE: Docks, boats, resort area
25 W Evergreen, Ala. Frisco City, Ala.	28/1002	PATH: 4 DIRECTION: NE to Excell, Ala.			INJURIES: 6
Fisco City, Ma.		DAMAGE: Svrl bldgs mostly at Excell INJURIES: 8 Funnel cloud passed over city abt 5	38 NNW Albany, N.Y. Sacandaga Reservoir North Broadalbin, N.Y.	12/late aftn	PATH: Short—narrow DAMAGE: Considerable—timber INJURIES: 5
		min. prev to tornado	Troy, Vermont	12/aftn	Hail to 1 in. at Troy.
45 SSW Montgomery, Ala. 6 SW Greenville, Ala.	28/1015	PATH: 14 mi., 125 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: To Jr. College	I	HURRICANE July 20-26,	
- ***	00/1005		20 ESE Beaumont, Tex.	20/1117-1120	Several funnels and hail to 1 in.
5 W Evergreen, Ala. nr arpt	28/1025	PATH: 10 mi., 150 yd. DTRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and store barn.	Jefferson Co. Arpt	,	
6 W Evergreen, Ala.	28/1025	On ground 50 percent of time. PATH: 1 mi., very narrow DIRECTION: NE	35 WNW Law Mountain Park Kiowa Co., Okla.	22/1830	PATH: 20 mi., 2 mi. DIRECTION: SW DAMAGE: Svrl homes, trees, out bldgs.
		Abt 500 yd. NW from tornado listed			Hail golf ball size.
20 SSW Montgomery, Ala. Davenport, Ala.	28/1000-1100	above. PATH: 35 mi., 150 to 200 yd. and skipping	50 WSW Oklahoma City, Okla. Albert, Okla. Caddo Co.	22/1900	PATH: ½ mi., ¼ mi. DAMAGE: Trees, barns. ½ in. svr hail storm
- '		DIRECTION: NE from 2S Ft. Deposit to Sprague Junct. Abt. 1100 csr at Sprague Junct.	35 NNW Brownsville, Tex. Sebastian, Tex. Willacy Co.	24/1750	
16 ENE Evergreen, Ala. Brooke, Ala.	28/1100	PATH: 12 mi., 200 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Considerable	58 SE San Antonio, Tex. 10 NW Kennedy, Tex.	26/night	PATH: Small DAMAGE: Barns
		INJURIES: 2	E	IURRICANE (GRACIE
45 S Montgomery, Ala. Luverne, Ala.	28/1105	DIRECTION: NE thru Luverne, Ala.	\$	Sept. 29–30–Oct.	1-2, 1959
Luverne, Ala.		DAMAGE: Open country.	23 N Raleigh-Durham, N.C.	29/1320	DAMAGE: Bldg roofs, trees.
20 S Montgomery, Ala	28/a.m.	-	Butner, N.C.		
20 S Montgomery, Ala. 1 N of Sellers, Ala.	28/a.m.	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C.	30/early mrng	
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala.	28/a.m.	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd.	Granville Co.	30/early mrng	
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala.	28/a.m.	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time.	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C.	30/early mrng 30/1500	PATH: 2 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala.		PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn.	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville		DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala.	28/a.m.	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va.	30/1500	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns,
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala.	28/a.m. 28/1207	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va.	30/1500 30/1530	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi.
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala.	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745 HURRICANE	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co.	30/1500 30/1530	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees.
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala. Batesville, Ala.	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co.	30/1500 30/1530 30/1645 IURRICANE J October 17,	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees.
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala. Batesville, Ala. 35 NNE Jacksonville, Fla. 30 SE Brunswick, Ga. Venty South Annapolis River, Md.	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745 HURRICANE July 9-12, 1	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY 959	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co.	30/1500 30/1530 30/1645 IURRICANE J	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees.
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala. Batesville, Ala. 35 NNE Jacksonville, Fla. 30 SE Brunswick, Ga. Venty South Annapolis River, Md. Anne Arundel Co.	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745 HURRICANE July 9-12, 1 9/0126 10/0557	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY 959 Near shore line DAMAGE: Considerable	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co. 55 NNW West Palm Beach, Fla. Stuart, Fla. Martin Co.	30/1500 30/1530 30/1645 IURRICANE J October 17,	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees. UDITH 1959
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala. Batesville, Ala. 35 NNE Jacksonville, Fla. 30 SE Brunswick, Ga. Venty South Annapolis River, Md.	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745 HURRICANE July 9-12, 1 9/0126	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY 959 Near shore line	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co. 55 NNW West Palm Beach, Fla. Stuart, Fla. Martin Co.	30/1500 30/1530 30/1645 IURRICANE J October 17, 17/1430	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees. UDITH , 1959
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala. Batesville, Ala. 35 NNE Jacksonville, Fla. 30 SE Brunswick, Ga. Venty South Annapolis River, Md. Anne Arundel Co. Venty Elizabeth City,	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745 HURRICANE July 9-12, 1 9/0126 10/0557	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY 959 Near shore line DAMAGE: Considerable DAMAGE: Home, church PATH: Short, narrow. DIRECTION: NE	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co. 55 NNW West Palm Beach, Fla. Stuart, Fla. Martin Co.	30/1500 30/1530 30/1645 IURRICANE J October 17, 17/1430	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees. UDITH , 1959
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala. Batesville, Ala. 35 NNE Jacksonville, Fla. 30 SE Brunswick, Ga. Venty South Annapolis River, Md. Anne Arundel Co. Venty Elizabeth City, Pasquotank Co. Venty Norfolk, Va. Portsmouth, Va.	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745 HURRICANE July 9-12, 1 9/0126 10/0557 10/0700 10/0730	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY 959 Near shore line DAMAGE: Considerable DAMAGE: Home, church PATH: Short, narrow.	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co. E. 35 NNW West Palm Beach, Fla. Stuart, Fla. Martin Co. E. 55 WSW Richmond, Va.	30/1500 30/1530 30/1645 IURRICANE J October 17, 17/1430 IURRICANE J	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees. UDITH , 1959 DONNA , 1960 DAMAGE: svrl homes and barns.
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. Downing, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala. Batesville, Ala. 35 NNE Jacksonville, Fla. 30 SE Brunswick, Ga. Venty South Annapolis River, Md. Anne Arundel Co. Venty Elizabeth City, Pasquotank Co. Venty Norfolk, Va.	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745 HURRICANE July 9-12, 1 9/0126 10/0557 10/0700	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 4 house and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY 959 Near shore line DAMAGE: Considerable DAMAGE: Home, church PATH: Short, narrow. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Syrl houses.	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co. E. 35 NNW West Palm Beach, Fla. Stuart, Fla. Martin Co. E. 55 WSW Richmond, Va. Buckingham Co., Va.	30/1500 30/1530 30/1645 IURRICANE J October 17, 17/1430 IURRICANE 1 September 11, 10/1700	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: ¾ mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees. UDITH , 1959 DONNA , 1960 DAMAGE: svrl homes and barns. Nelson Co. Hail for 30 min. PATH: 8 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: Svrl houses, extensive damage. INJURIES: 10 Eye hit shore 45 mi. SW Charleston
1 N of Sellers, Ala. 20 SE Montgomery, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 40 ESE Montgomery, Ala. 65 ESE Montgomery, Ala. Batesville, Ala. 35 NNE Jacksonville, Fla. 30 SE Brunswick, Ga. Venty South Annapolis River, Md. Anne Arundel Co. Venty Elizabeth City, Pasquotank Co. Venty Norfolk, Va. Portsmouth, Va. 23 SE Richmond, Va.	28/a.m. 28/1207 28/1745 HURRICANE July 9-12, 1 9/0126 10/0557 10/0700 10/0730	PATH: Short, 100 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Timber PATH: 5 mi., 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. On ground 75 percent of time. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: Short, 150 yd. DAMAGE: House and barn. PATH: 14 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: 2 houses and barns INJURIES: 1 CINDY 959 Near shore line DAMAGE: Considerable DAMAGE: Home, church PATH: Short, narrow. DIRECTION: NE DAMAGE: Syrl houses. Possibility of 2 tornadoes. PATH: Short, narrow DAMAGE: Barns	Granville Co. 55 NE Charleston, S.C. Garden City, S.C. Horry Co. 70 NNE Lynchburg, Va. Stanardsville, Va. Greene Co. 42 NNE Lynchburg, Va. 6 W of Charlottesville Ivy, Va. 48 NW Richmond, Va. 3 W Palmyra, Va. Fluvanna Co. E. 35 NNW West Palm Beach, Fla. Stuart, Fla. Martin Co. E. 55 WSW Richmond, Va. Buckingham Co., Va.	30/1500 30/1530 30/1645 IURRICANE J October 17, 17/1430 IURRICANE 1 September 11, 10/1700	DAMAGE: Bldgs and trees INJURIES: 1 fatality PATH: 34 mi., 200 yd. DAMAGE: Houses, trees INJURIES: 11 fatalities PATH: 6 mi., ½ mi. DAMAGE: 14 houses, churches, barns, trees. UDITH 1959 DONNA 1960 DAMAGE: svrl homes and barns. Nelson Co. Hail for 30 min. PATH: 8 mi., 100 yd. DAMAGE: Svrl houses, extensive damage. INJURIES: 10

July 1965		John S	S. Smith
46 NW Wilmington, S.C. Bladen Co., N.C.	11/1300	PATH: 15 mi., 800 yd. DAMAGE: Svrl bldgs.	Galveston, Tex.
60 NNW Wilmington, S.C. Sampson Co., N.C.	11/0600	DAMAGE: Svrl bldgs. INJURIES: 8	
:	HURRICANI	E ETHEL	Galveston, Tex.
	September 1	5–16, 1960	
Panama City, Fla.	15/0449	DAMAGE: Svrl houses E side	3 N Galveston, Tex.
11 NW Panama City West Bay, Fla.	15/0500	PATH: Short, narrow.	Port Bolivar, Tex.
1 E Panama City Springfield and Millvale, Fla.	15/0500	PATH: ½ mi., 200 yd. DIRECTION: NW	40 W Beaumont, Tex. Hardin, Tex.
20 NW Apalachicola, Fla. Port St. Joe, Fla.	15/0655	PATH: Short—narrow. DIRECTION: NNW	37 SW Monroe, La. Hodge, La.
48 SW Tallahassee, Fla. Sumatra, Fla.	15/0940	DIRECTION: NE	270/65 FM Texarkana, A Fulbright, Tex.
12 NE Apalachicola, Fla.	15/0950	DIRECTION: NE	J -,
Venty Pensacola, Fla. St. Rosa Island, Fla.	15/unk	PATH: Short, narrow Several funnel clouds over Fla. pan- handle small hail 0500	50 NW Monroe, La. Junction City, La. 250/18 FM Shreveport, I
70 NNE Mobile, Ala. Gosport, Ala. Clarke Co.	15/night	NAS PNS PATH: Short, narrow DAMAGE: Barn, house, trees, crops.	35 W Houston, Tex. 2 S Hockley, Tex.
40 SE Birmingham, Ala. Sylacauga, Ala. Talladega Co.	16/0020	PATH: ¼ mi., 50 yd. DIRECTION: N DAMAGE: Bldgs, autos	104/116 FM Oklahoma C Okla. Wilburton, Okla. Venty New Orleans, La
		INJURIES: 2	Lake Ponchartrain
:	HURRICANI		13 ENE Alexandria, La
00 0 35 1 11 11	September 10		
20 S Mobile, Ala	10/1455	PATH: ½ ml., narrow DIRECTION: NW (Moved inland from sea.) DAMAGE: Svrl houses	The author is inc
21 SW Lafayette, La. Kaplin Abbeville, La.	10/1650	DAMAGE: 150 houses INJURIES: 1 death	for their frequent s ance in compiling
20 SSW Lafayette, La. Intercoastal City, La.	10/1809		
37 SW Lafayette, La. 8 S. Gueydan, La.	10/1812		1. C. L. Mitchell,
25 N. Point au Fer, La. Morgan City, La.	10/2221		4, 1929," Mon pp. 418–420.
25 NNW Point au Fer, La. Paterson, La.	10/2221		2. G. E. Dunn, "T American Me
18 NNE Baton Rouge, La. Watson, La.	11/1110	Hook echo obsvd	887-901. 3. W. Malkin and
Venty Houston, Tex. Bay City, Tex.	11/1147	DAMAGE: radio tower—bldgs.	canes," Month 299–303.
15 NE New Orleans, La. Slidell, La. (at St. Joe)	11/unk	DAMAGE: Homes \$25,000 INJURIES: 3	4. E. M. Brooks, 'dium of Meteory Mass., 1951, p
52 NNW Lufkin, Tex.	11/1320		5. U.S. Weather B
Jacksonville, Tex.			o. U.S. Weather D

DAMAGE: Houses \$200,000

INJURIES: 22

PATH: 3/2 mi., 30 yd.

DIRECTION: NNE

PATH: 2.3 mi., 116 yd.

DIRECTION: NNW

DAMAGE: Extensive INJURIES: 7 dead, 49 injured Radar hooks indicated

Entered from the sea

DAMAGE: bldgs-houses

Venty Houston, Tex.

6 SW Hammond, La.

40 NNW New Orleans, La.

12-15 WNW Galveston, Tex.

Channelview, Tex.

Lamarque, Tex.

Galveston, Tex.

11/1750

11/unk

12/0230

12/0305

Galveston, Tex.	12/0400-0425	PATH: 4.7 mi., 83 yd. DIRECTION: NNW DAMAGE: Extensive—houses, bldgs Sighted on radar
Galveston, Tex.	12/0600	PATH: 2.7 mi., 167 yd. DIRECTION: N DAMAGE: Extensive
3 N Galveston, Tex. Port Bolivar, Tex.	12/0900	PATH: ¼ mi., 66 yd. DIRECTION: NNW DAMAGE: School—houses—bldgs Sighted on radar
40 W Beaumont, Tex. Hardin, Tex.	12/0730	DAMAGE: Houses
37 SW Monroe, La. Hodge, La.	12/1300	DAMAGE: 25 houses INJURIES: 25-26 fatalities
270/65 FM Texarkana, Ark. Fulbright, Tex.	12/1645	PATH: ½ mi., 100 yd. DIRECTION: N thru town DAMAGE: Houses \$45,000
50 NW Monroe, La. Junction City, La.	12/Unk	
250/18 FM Shreveport, La.	13/0500	DAMAGE: 3 houses INJURIES: 2
35 W Houston, Tex. 2 S Hockley, Tex.	13/0700	DAMAGE: Bldgs; 11,000 lb. trailer
104/116 FM Oklahoma City, Okla. Wilburton, Okla.	13/08-0900	
Venty New Orleans, La. Lake Ponchartrain	13/0900	
13 ENE Alexandria, La.	13/1419	DAMAGE: Trees uprooted

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